

Fast, Flexible Packet Filtering

Lua Kernel Scripting in NetBSD

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Talk Outline

1. Background and Setup
2. Experiments
3. Performance Results
4. Conclusion

Acknowledgements

Co-investigator Sam Freed

Existing Lua scripting support in NetBSD, Marc Balmer [1]

Significant NPF Lua groundwork laid by Lourival Vieira Neto [2] [3]

Background and Setup

Lua and NetBSD

Kernel-space Lua scripting support built into NetBSD [1]

Framework to make kernel subsystems (such as NPF) scriptable

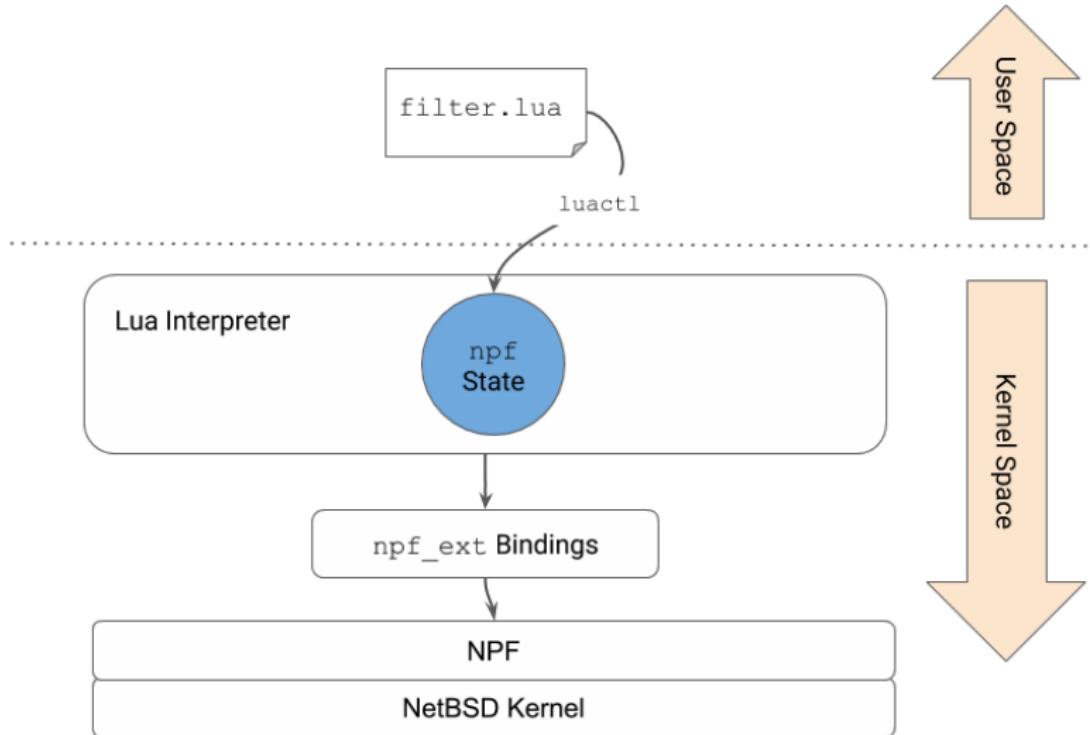
Emphasis on system integrity and performance

NetBSD Packet Filter (NPF) and Lua

npf_ext_lua kernel binding [2]

- Integrates directly with NPF
- Flexibility of Lua
- Supports deep packet inspection

NetBSD Packet Filter (NPF) and Lua



Packet Filtering with Lua

With the `npf_ext_lua` kernel binding, we can write packet filtering scripts in Lua.

Key Question

What is the impact on packet filtering performance when we introduce Lua?

Experiments

Setup: Test Environment

VirtualBox VMs running 64-bit NetBSD v7.0

4GB of RAM, 2 x Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU D-1521 @ 2.40GHz

Virtual NIC speed: 1 Gbps

Setup: Kernel Module

Existing npf_ext_lua implementation and support code:

- <https://github.com/lneto/luadata>
- <http://netbsd.org/~lneto/pending/>
- To avoid a stack overflow error under load, add `lua.pop(L, 1)`; after the line that begins with `*decision =` in the function `npf_lua()`

Setup: npf.conf

```
1 procedure "lua_filter" {
2     # filter_function is defined in separate .lua file
3     # which must be loaded into the npf state
4     lua: call filter_function
5 }
6 group default {
7     pass in proto tcp to $ext_if port n apply "lua_filter"
8 }
```

Luadata Layout: TCP Header

```
1 local data = require("data")
2 local tcphdr_layout = {
3     src_port = {0, 16, 'number', 'net'},
4     dst_port = {16, 16, 'number', 'net'},
5     seq_num = {32, 32, 'number', 'net'},
6     ack_num = {64, 32, 'number', 'net'},
7     data_offset = {96, 4, 'number', 'net'},
8     reserved = {100, 3, 'number', 'net'},
9     control_flags = {103, 9, 'number', 'net'},
10    window_size = {112, 16, 'number', 'net'},
11    checksum = {128, 16, 'number', 'net'},
12    urgent = {144, 16, 'number', 'net'}
13 }
14 # Layouts for other protocols take a similar form
```

Packet Filtering in Lua

```
1  -- packet_filter.lua
2  function filter_function(pkt)
3      pkt:layout(iphdr_layout)
4      tcphdr_offset = pkt.ihl * 4
5      pkt = pkt:segment(tcphdr_offset)
6      pkt:layout(tcp_hdr_layout)
7      tcpdata_offset = pkt.data_offset * 4
8      pkt = pkt:segment(tcpdata_offset)
9      local str = tostring(pkt)
10
11     -- packet is dropped if function returns false
12     return str:find("MALICIOUS VALUE") == nil
13 end
```

Luactl Usage

```
# luactl load npf ./packet_filter.lua
```

This loads packet filtering code, defined in the file
packet_filter.lua, into the npf Lua state.

Performance Results

Test Scenarios

- (1) Simple pass-through
- (2) Packet header inspection: length check
- (3) Deep packet inspection: search packet body for malicious string
- (4) ICMP flood

Where applicable, we compare with NPF-only approach

Traffic Generation and Measurement

iPerf3 (<https://iperf.fr/>)

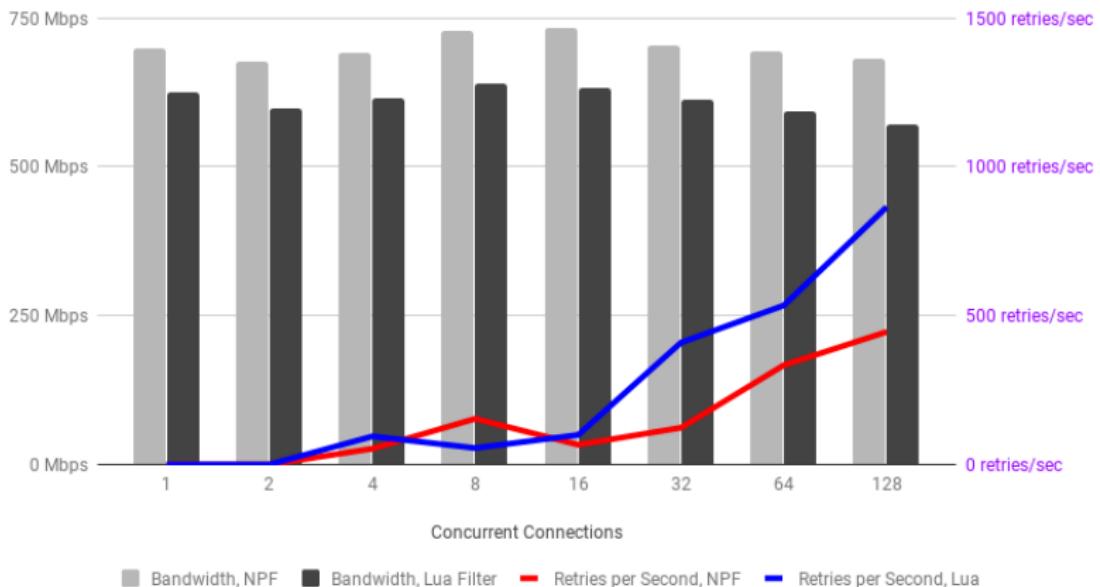
- `iperf3 -c host --interval 0 --bandwidth 0
--parallel N --file test.data`
- Measures average bandwidth (Mbps) and retry statistics

Nping (<https://nmap.org/nping/>)

- `nping --icmp --icmp-type echo-request --hide-sent
--rate 100 -c 100 host`
- Measures raw packets per second and RTT

Results 1 of 4: Pass-through

Passthrough: TCP Bandwidth and Retries



Results 2 of 4: Header Inspection



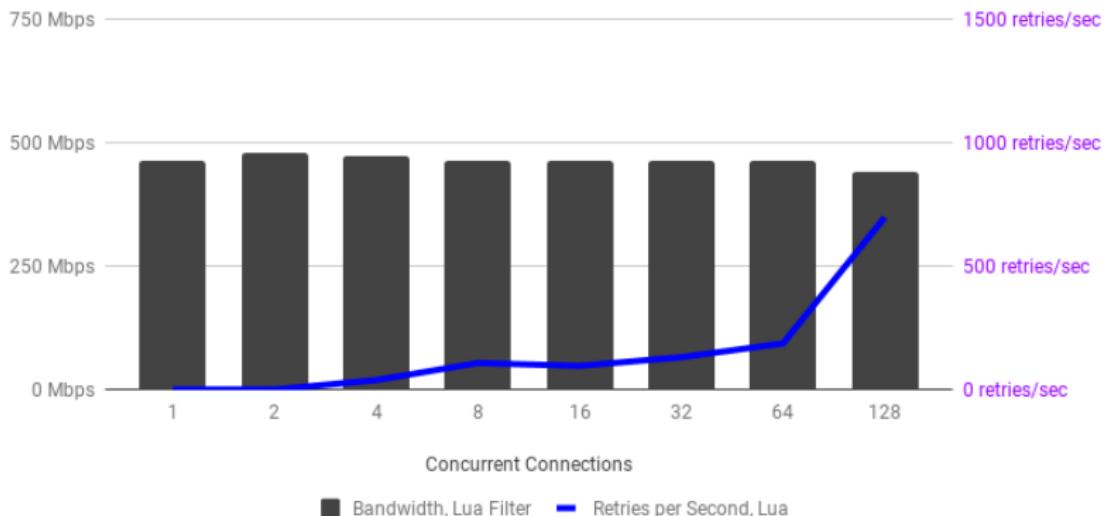
```
# npf.conf / pcap-filter
block in pcap-filter "udp and port N and greater 128"

-- Lua

function length_check(pkt)
    pkt:layout(iphdr_layout)
    udphdr_offset = pkt.ihl * 4
    pkt = pkt:segment(udphdr_offset)
    pkt:layout(udphdr_layout)
    return pkt.length > 128
end
```

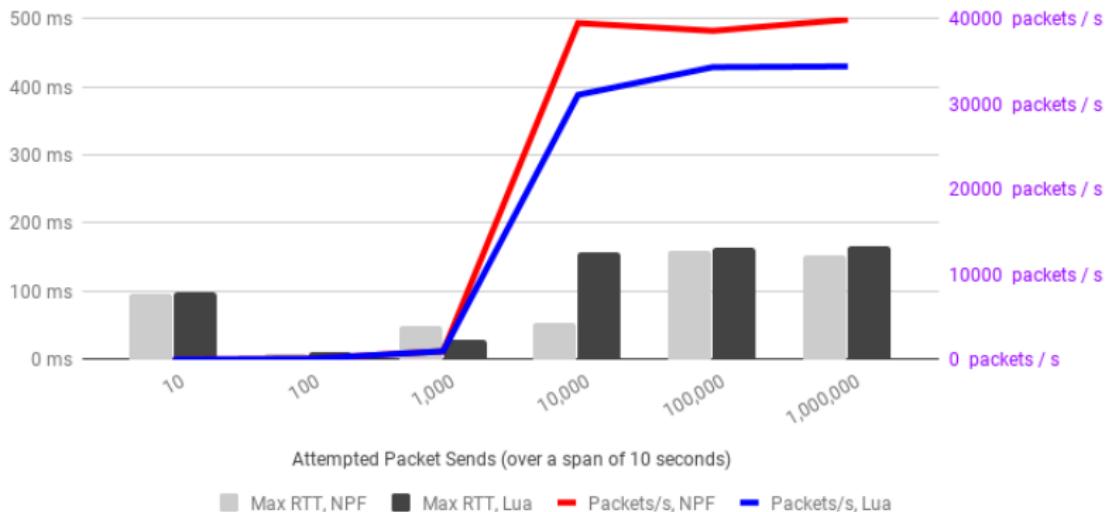
Results 3 of 4: Deep Inspection

Deep Packet Inspection: TCP Bandwidth and Retries



Results 4 of 4: ICMP Flood

ICMP Flood: Packets per Second and Max RTT



Conclusion

Performance Summary

- Lua performs well, achieves good average bandwidth and high packets/second
- Adding Lua to NFP introduces an approximate 10-15% bandwidth reduction based on simple performance tests

Possibilities

- Advanced deep packet inspection logic using approachable Lua syntax
- Rapidly adapt to new packet filtering requirements
- Experiment with approaches to packet filtering: novel data structures and algorithms

Summary

- Lua can greatly extend NPF and pcap-filter
- Lua filtering scripts are extremely flexible and easy to maintain
- Packet filtering using the Lua scripting language, while fundamentally practicable, warrants additional investigation and profiling in areas such as:
 - CPU and memory usage
 - Impact of multi-core CPUs
 - String matching on TCP streams

Questions?

Thank you!

Further questions? avondoll@calpoly.edu

References i

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